

Section 2 Climate change in Brazil.

GUILHERME CASTRO PEDRO MATOS



Summary



- Recap
- How Brazil is Contributing to Climate Change
- How climate change is affecting Brazil
- What has been done to face climate change
- Strategies to disseminate the sustainable model in Brazil

Recap



Who Brazil is



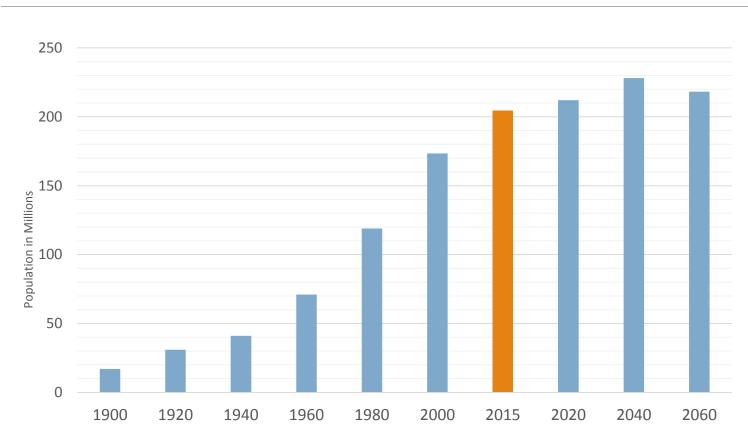
- Fifth largest country, both by geographical area and by population.
- Eighth largest economy in the world.
- It belongs to the BRICS countries.
- More than 70% of its electrical enegy is produced trough hydropower.
- Severe drought in 2014 in its most populated area -Southeast.



Population Forecast

We are growing! It is expected to peak at 225 million people.





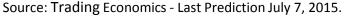
Source: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE) - 2013



GDP Forecast

A current recession is projected through 2016. Growth in the future is projected to be 86% by 2050.



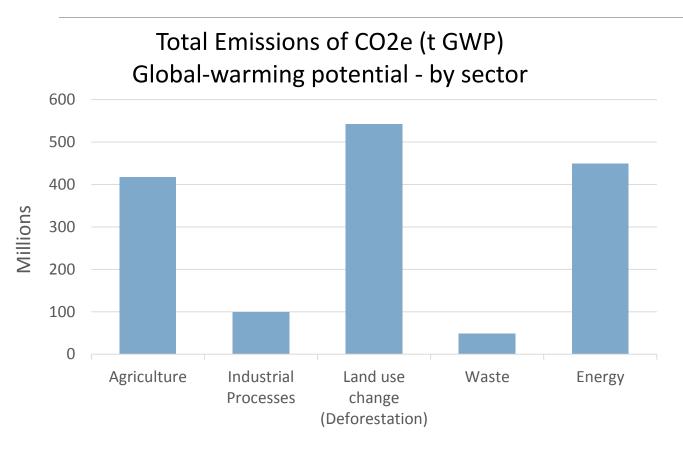




How Brazil is Contributing to Climate Change



Main Sources of Carbon Emissions



Deforestation - 35% Agriculture - 29% Transportation - 14%



Source: Greenhouse Gas Emission Estimate System (SEEG) - 2013

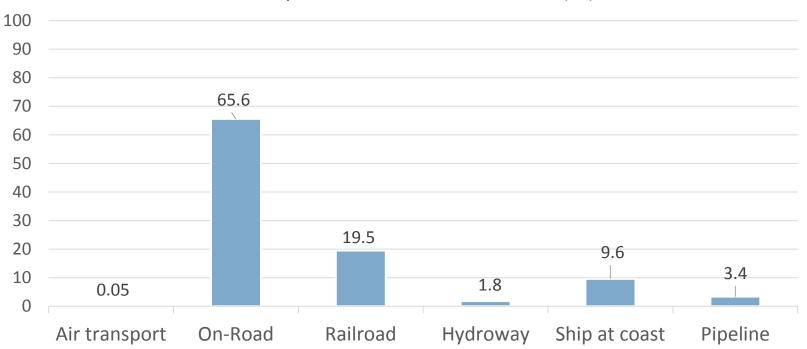


Transportation

The largest percentage of pollution from transportation in Brazil comes from cars, trucks, and buses.



Transportation Matrix in Brazil (%)



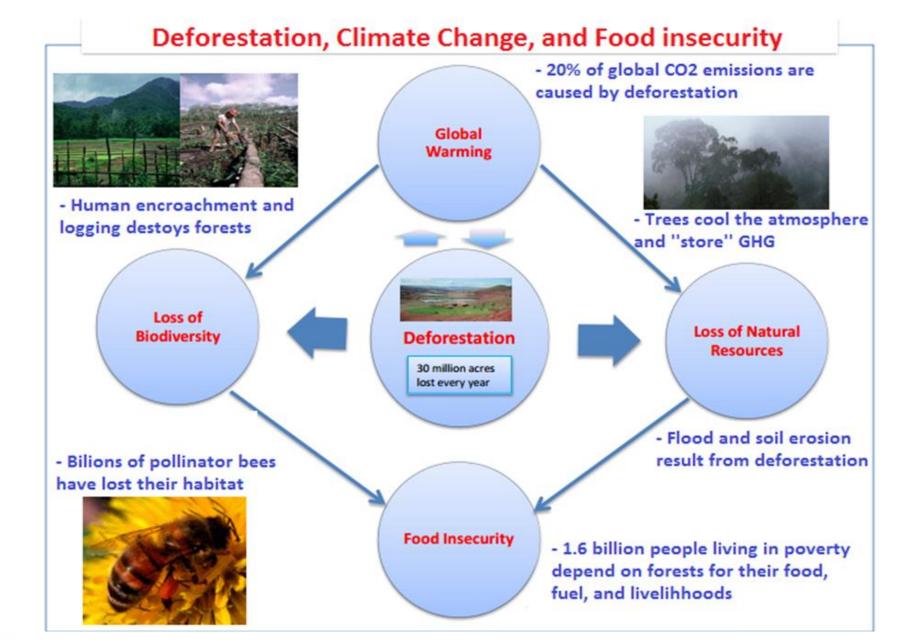
Source: US Bureau of Transportation - 2010



Amazon Deforestation









How Climate Change is Affecting Brazil



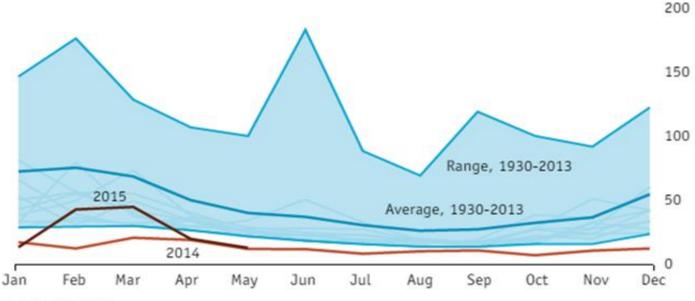
Droughts

São Paulo's drought is the most severe in the last century.

Flows into the Cantareira reservoir system, São Paulo, Brazil

Cubic metres per second

Ten driest years since 1930: 1944 1953 1955 1964 1969 2001 2003 2012 2013 2014 Average, m3/s: 30,3 24,5 28,6 31,6 27,2 31,6 29,4 30,9 30,9 10,9









Level of water in Cantareira in 2014 – One of the main water's supply for São Paulo.



Floods

Intense rainfall in a short period of time.

NEWS

Floods hit Sao Paulo in midst of Brazil drought

17/04 04:27 CET



Energy Crisis



- More than 70% of Brazil's electricity is produced trough hydropower.
- A lack of water affects the production of electricity.
- Brazil's last drought in 2001 forced energy restrictions.



Itaipu – Second largest hydropower in the world



Economic Impacts





Other Impacts...







Agriculture

Coastal Erosion

Infrastructure damage

Air Quality



Housing





What Has Been Done to Face Climate Change



- Ethanol
- Biodiesel

Biofuels

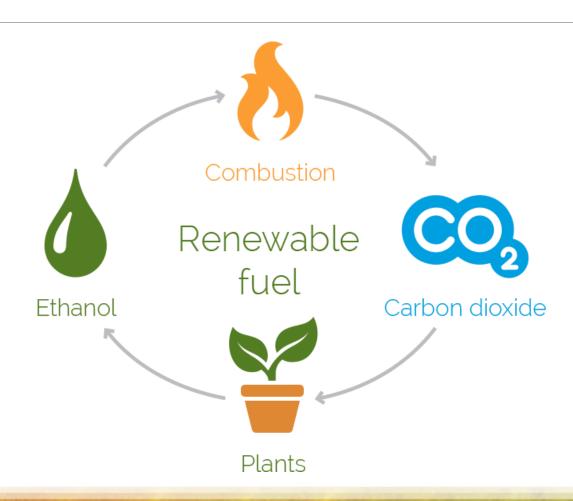




Biofuel benefits

- Carbon dioxide is taken up by the growing plants and is released when the bioethanol is burnt, with a zero theoretical net contribution.
- "In some circumstances does better than just 'zero emission.' If grown and processed correctly, it has negative emission, pulling CO2 out of the atmosphere, rather than adding it." - United Nations.

Biofuels - Carbon Cycle





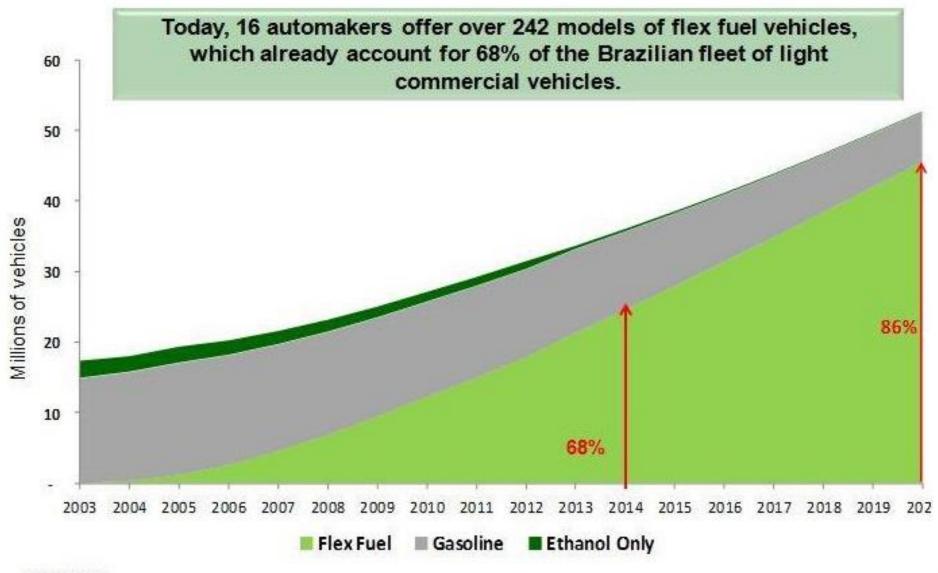
Ethanol fuel

- As a response to the 1973 oil crisis, the Brazilian government began promoting bioethanol as a fuel.
- Today Brazil is a key leader in the sustainable use of bioethanol.
- There are no longer any light vehicles in Brazil running on pure gasoline.



Brazilian sugar cane

NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE AND LIGHT VEHICLE FLEET

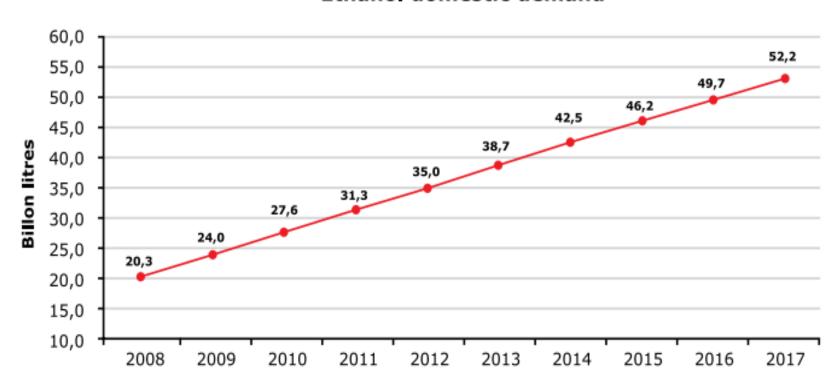






The Brazilian National Climate Change Plan (NCCP)
Prevent the emission of 508 million tC02e by 2017 encouraging the use of ethanol.

Ethanol domestic demand



Source: Interministerial Committee on Climate Change



Brazilian Biodiesel Plan - 2004

 Integrate the drive for energy security in the electricity generation and transportation fuel sectors with sustainable rural development in combination with advanced transportation technology.

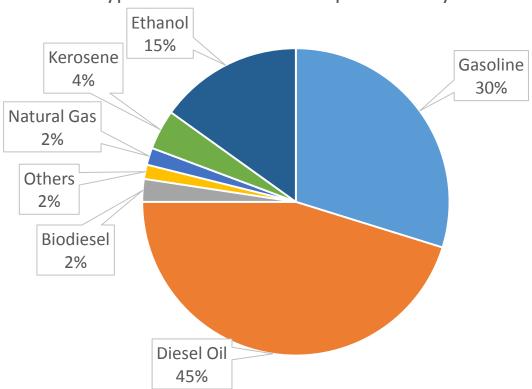


Hybrid bus = electric + biodiesel Hybrid bus emites 35% less CO2 and 89% less NOx.



We still have a long way to go! Fossil fuels still dominating the transportation system in Brazil.





Source: Research Energy Company, Brazil - 2014



PPCDAM Plan



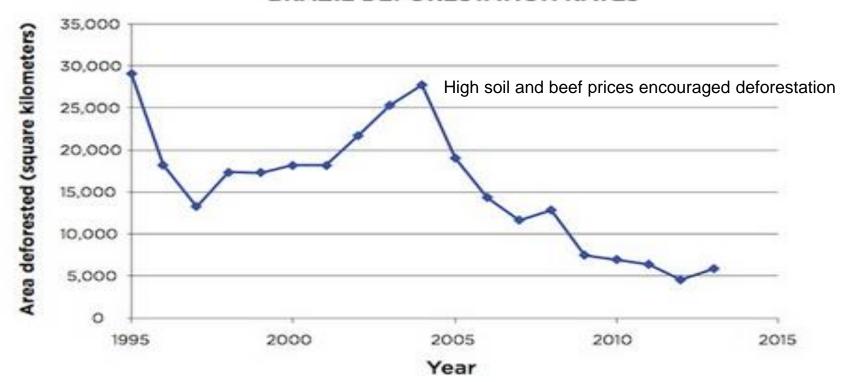
- Action Plan for the Prevention and Control of Deforestation in the Legal Amazon (PPCDAM) - Created in 2003.
- Higher impact actions
 - Command and control in the rainforest.
 - Creation of 148 new protected areas covering 640,000 km² (about the size of France) from 2003-2008.
 - Jailed over 700 people for illegal logging, including government employees.



"Brazil leads world in reducing carbon emissions by slashing deforestation."

Brian Clark Howard

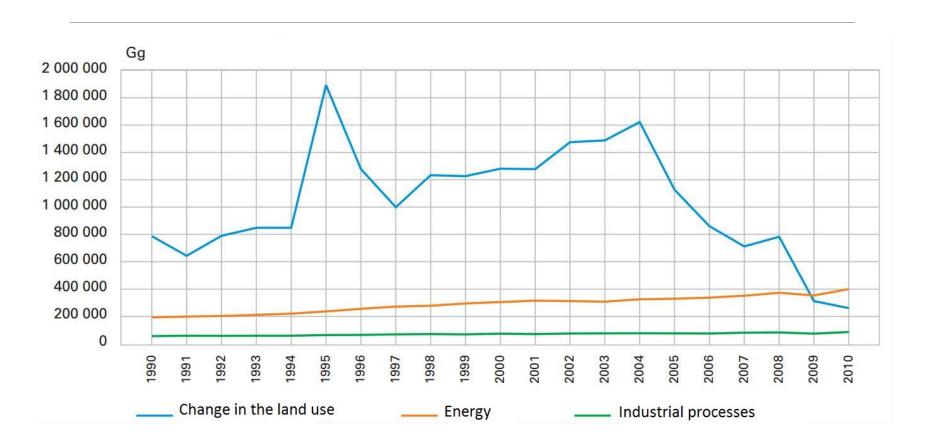
BRAZIL DEFORESTATION RATES



Source: INPE



Reducing deforestation resulted in CO2 reduction. Brazilian CO2 emissions 1990-2010.



Source: Science, technology and Innovation Ministery

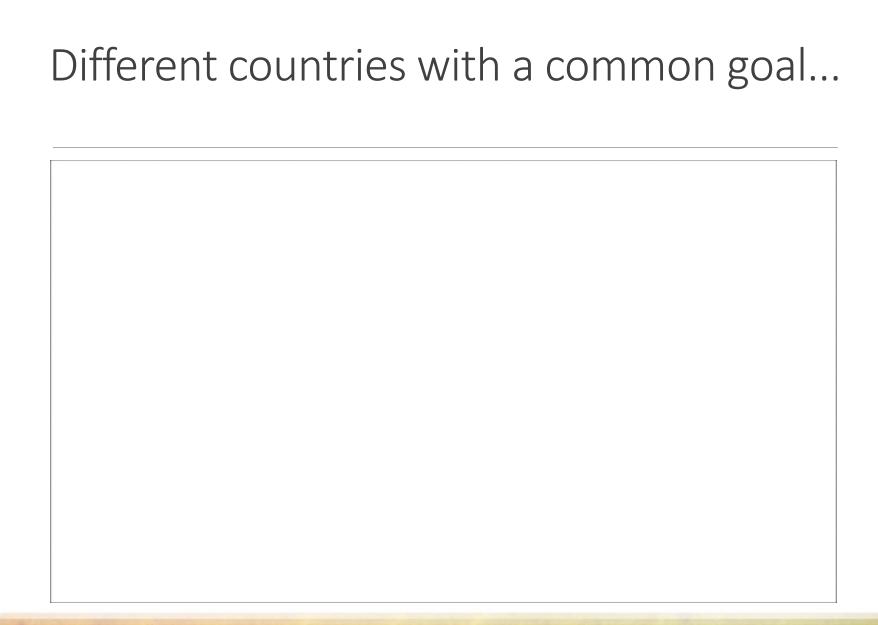


Accomplishments



- Brazil has reduced deforestation by 70 percent and prevented 3.2 billion tons of carbon dioxide to be released in the atmosphere.
- This cut is more than three times bigger than the effect of taking all the cars in the U.S. off the road for a year.







Strategies to Disseminate the Sustainable Model in Brazil



Curious?



• Next presentation in 2 weeks

• Thursday, July 23 - 6:00pm to 8:00pm

• "Maps tell the story of San Diego and Northern Baja. We are Connected"



Questions





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